

國立臺北護理學院九十九學年度博士班招生

英 文 試 題

注 意	1.本試題共有三頁。 2.標準答案：CDBDC – DBBCB – ABADD – ABBDC – BDBCB ADCCB – CDACB – DACBA – CBABD – CBBAD
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I . Fill-in-the-Blank Questions (@2pt x 23= 46%)

Choose the best answer to fill in each blank.

- It is more and more difficult to find a(n) ____ forest in Africa.
(A) absent (B) traditional (C) unspoiled (D) creative
- Thank you. But ____ your timely help, I couldn't have achieved the mission.
(A) with (B) by (C) about (D) for
- All the kids ____ Santa Claus and asked for toys.
(A) admitted (B) surrounded (C) reduced (D) considered
- You shouldn't tell lies, ____ take advantage of people you know.
(A) and you should neither (B) neither should you (C) or you should (D) nor should you
- If you want to go jogging this weekend, I ____ with you.
(A) would have gone (B) have gone (C) will go (D) went
- Fanny ____ her mistake and asked her teacher for forgiveness.
(A) viewed (B) saved (C) focused (D)admitted
- ____ about the future of his son, who does nothing but plays around, Mr. White has decided to send him to the military.
(A) Worry (B) Worried (C) To worry (D) To be worried
- It was with teamwork ____ we defeated the visiting team.
(A) which (B) that (C) through which (D) in which
- It ____ me around \$60,000 to buy this motorcycle.
(A) spent (B) took (C) cost (D) made
- Mike successfully ____ his ideas ____ by giving many examples in the presentation.
(A) stirred /up (B) got /across (C) figured /out (D) put/away
- ____ skirt you are wearing! It goes with your blouse well.
(A) What a nice (B) How nice (C) What nice (D) How a nice
- Peter is ____ too young to manage such a heavy project.
(A) very (B) much (C) such (D) so
- To annoy me, my brother ____ turned up the radio while I was studying.
(A) deliberately (B) considerably (C) precisely (D) thankfully
- To make it to the top of the mountain, I must ____ of my body.
(A) take quick action (B) have some trouble (C) get it across (D) push the limits
- When you cut onions, some chemicals will be ____ and make you cry.
(A) impressed (B) interrupted (C) exchanged (D) released
- She created her own ____ of clothes and sold them online.
(A) brand (B) attention (C) suggestion (D) solution
- I found ____ extremely difficult to tell Mom the truth, but I still did in the end.
(A) that (B) it (C) is (D) that is
- Not only the students but also the teacher ____ moved to tears by the little girl's story.
(A) has (B) was (C) have (D) were

- The teacher's words ____ Kyle. He decided to become a doctor.
(A) admired (B) recognized (C) ignored (D) influenced
- ____ the best of your knowledge, which of the six boys is a math talent.
(A) By (B) In (C) To (D) With
- All of Tom's friends agree that the way he laughs ____ them crazy.
(A) driven (B) to drive (C) drives (D) driving
- It's not surprising to see the dog ____ at a stranger.
(A) barked (B) to bark (C) barks (D) bark
- After ____ over his history paper, David handed it to the teacher.
(A) he checks (B) checking (C) checked (D) had checked

II . Part 2. Cloze (@2pt x 10 = 20%)

Choose the best answer to fill in each blank.

Percy Jackson and the Olympians is a series of books about twelve-year-old Percy. He is an ordinary boy who has always had trouble ____24____ school. Then, he ____25____ that he is really the son of Poseidon, the Greek god of the sea. He has more serious problems than school to ____26____ with now. Since Poseidon is so powerful, Percy has a lot of enemies. He and his mother ____27____ by monsters. He meets other demigods at a special summer camp. When trouble ____28____ among the gods, it is up to Percy to save the day!

- (A) for (B) over (C) with (D) behind
- (A) breaks out (B) finds out (C) listens up (D) lives through
- (A) struggle (B) handle (C) stress (D) support
- (A) attack (B) are attacking (C) have attacked (D) are attacked
- (A) turns over (B) makes up (C) breaks out (D) becomes of

Schaefer and Aristotle held different opinions about the shape of Earth. Schaefer argued that Earth is a circular flat disk. However, armed with nothing but reason and vision, the Greek philosopher Aristotle looked into the cause of eclipses and discovered otherwise. He argued that If we ____29____ on a planet shaped like a dinner plate, our shadow should only look circular when the moon is straight overhead. If it was anywhere else the shadow would appear ____30____.

Reasoning that the only object whose shadow always looks like a circle from any angle is a sphere, Aristotle used ____31____ observations to argue his case. For example, if you travel north you see the stars in different positions in the sky, the northern ones move higher and southern ones disappear over the horizon.

Eclipses themselves, ____32____ used to bust a myth, also inspired dozens more. A popular myth in medieval times was that a dragon devoured the moon during an eclipse. Many people around the world ____33-1____ those mysterious natural phenomena ____33-2____ omens pointing to the collapse of empires or the end of the world.

- (A) established (B) grounded (C) resided (D) demonstrated
- (A) defeated (B) elongated (C) transparent (D) prolonged
- (A) no other (B) one another (C) a few other (D) the other
- (A) which (B) therefore (C) however (D) while
- (A) thought of, as (B) regarded on, some (C) considered about, for (D) viewed in, toward

III. Part 3. Reading (@2pt x 17= 34%)

Read the passage and answer the questions.

It is important for movie studios to get more people to watch their films. Yet how can you capture everyone's attention? One way is through viral marketing. This is where ads are created to stir up interest, such as through e-mail, text messaging, and the Internet. A good example is the monster film *Cloverfield*. A mysterious scene from the film was shown with the film, *Transformers*. At the time, *Cloverfield* did not even have a title. People rushed to the Internet to find any information they could. The studio created fake Web sites with hints about the movie's plot. These got people talking and trying to guess the film's story. The release of the film was a success, because everyone wanted to see it.

34. What is viral marketing all about?
 - (A) Producing viruses to make people interested in products.
 - (B) Marketing poisonous products by means of the Internet.
 - (C) Using networks to increase people's awareness of a product.
 - (D) Setting up fake Web sites to attract people to a product.
35. How did the film *Cloverfield* attract audiences' attention?
 - (A) Many of their ads were placed on the Internet.
 - (B) A scene of it was played in another film.
 - (C) There were Web sites set up that gave away its story.
 - (D) It was shown right after another hit movie.
36. Which of the following may be a means of viral marketing?
 - (A) E-mail.
 - (B) The Internet.
 - (C) Text messages.
 - (D) All of the above.

BigBelly trash cans are changing the way garbage is processed. BigBelly trash cans use solar power to compress trash into a smaller mass. In fact, they can reduce the size of the trash by up to eighty percent. They offer a bigger benefit than just keeping the streets tidy. BigBelly cans hold more trash, so garbage trucks don't have to collect them as frequently. Since the garbage trucks are driven less, this cuts down on carbon emissions, which is good for the environment.

37. What is the point of this passage?
 - (A) To show how BigBelly trash cans help the environment.
 - (B) To explain how BigBelly trash cans work.
 - (C) To provide an example of a solar-powered product.
 - (D) To introduce the subject of garbage processing.
38. In what way do these trash cans help the environment?
 - (A) They are made from reused materials.
 - (B) They also produce fresh air.
 - (C) They reduce car pollution.
 - (D) They clean up dirt around them.
39. What is TRUE about these trash cans?
 - (A) They use plants as energy.
 - (B) They can store a lot of trash.
 - (C) Special trucks collect them.
 - (D) They get rid of trash.

Lions are **on the brink of** disappearance. One reason for their decreasing numbers is the huge demand of lion bones for traditional Chinese medicines. As the Chinese grow richer, one of the ways they spend their new wealth is by buying expensive traditional remedies. The Chinese prefer to use tiger bones, but poachers are starting to sell lion and leopard bones as substitutes. The Asiatic lion, a subspecies of the African lion, is most at risk. Only about 350 are left. The problem is most serious in India. It is close to China, and its borders are poorly monitored by authorities. There is no real demand in India for big cat parts, so all illegal poaching is driven by customers in China.

40. According to this passage, why is the number of lions decreasing greatly?
 - (A) They are caught and sold for their bones.
 - (B) Their habitat is decreasing quickly.
 - (C) They can't find enough food to eat.
 - (D) It is too hot for them in India.
41. Why is the problem of illegal Asiatic lion poaching most serious in India?
 - (A) Indian people enjoy buying expensive traditional remedies.
 - (B) There are too many lions there.
 - (C) It borders China, where the need for lions is pretty huge.
 - (D) People are afraid of lions and want them out of India.
42. What does the phrase **on the brink of** most likely mean?
 - (A) Due to.
 - (B) Close to.
 - (C) Based on.
 - (D) True of.

Spain has tried for much of this decade to resolve its water worries. The conservative government proposed transferring water from the Ebro, but that plan was dropped when it lost the 2004 parliamentary elections. The socialist government that took over focused on building desalination plants. However, this effort has foundered because farmers have refused to use desalinated water for irrigation, saying it is too expensive.

In Catalonia, authorities spent \$95 million to restore old wells. This allowed Barcelona to capture millions more gallons daily. It seems that digging deeply — intellectually and otherwise — is perhaps the only way to bring an equitable end to "The Water War." Ironically, the drought has been helpful, because it has forced people to realize that they can't look to just one source or solution anymore.

43. What did the socialist government do?
 - (A) Built factories to remove salt from water.
 - (B) Lost many seats in the 2004 election.
 - (C) Proposed transferring water from the Ebro.
 - (D) Invested in restoring many old wells.
44. Farmers have refused desalinated water for which of the following uses?
 - (A) Drinking and bathing.
 - (B) Supplying water to crops.
 - (C) Washing their machinery.
 - (D) Swimming and recreation.

45. What does the author say “digging deeply” might accomplish?
- (A) Quick end to the water war.
 - (B) An inexpensive end to the water war.
 - (C) A popular end to the water war.
 - (D) A fair end to the water war.

A recent survey brings both good news and bad news to educators in Taiwan. Taiwanese fourth and eighth graders ranked among the world’s best in science and mathematics and achieved on average significantly better grades last year than in 2003, but at the same time generally had a negative view of the subjects or did not feel confident in them. This is no doubt music to the ears of MOE (Ministry of Education), since, at least, these statistics seemed to lift some of the blame that has been put on the Education Reform. MOE’s Grade 1-9 Curriculum has been under severe attack even before it was introduced. For many years, students, parents, and teachers alike have gotten used to pinning every academic failure on this Curriculum. Now, finally and luckily, it seems the problem lies somewhere else.

But why the low confidence and negative view? Experts believe that we are teaching certain materials to our students at younger ages compared with other countries. But the schools and teachers are not entirely to blame. Most Taiwanese parents want their children to “win at the starting point”, hoping that their kids can start learning earlier — most of the time too early. Besides, schooling has always been test-oriented, forcing teachers and children to teach/learn for the sake of taking exams. Predictably, not many would enjoy that.

46. What is the best title for this passage?
- (A) Achievement Equals Sense of Achievement.
 - (B) Another Education Reform on the Horizon.
 - (C) High Achievement, Low Interest.
 - (D) How to Make Your Kid a Math Lover.
47. What can we infer from the article?
- (A) Parents in Taiwan take a liberal attitude toward education.
 - (B) Grades do not necessarily reflect a student’s interest.
 - (C) Exams, if carefully designed, can benefit students a lot.
 - (D) Learning math through playing games is very effective.
48. Which of the following statements is true about Grade 1-9 Curriculum?
- (A) It was not introduced until 2003.
 - (B) It has not been generally well-received.
 - (C) It led to the low achievement in math and science.
 - (D) It is now the object of all teachers’ praise.
49. If you pin something on someone, you _____ for something.
- (A) blame him
 - (B) thank him
 - (C) wait for him
 - (D) need him
50. What is most likely the writer’s attitude toward test-based schooling?
- (A) He feels strange why it fails to boost students’ interest.
 - (B) He thinks it’s necessary for Taiwanese students to learn more efficiently.
 - (C) He encourages parents to know more about this.
 - (D) He believes this is why students are not interested in learning.